

Posters

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Poster 1 - Motivations, thoughts, and feelings associated with the suicidal ideation among Brazilian adolescents: qualitative evidence synthesis, Presenter: Debora Dupas (Brasil)

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Abstract: This study's objective was to describe the aspects related to the motivations, thoughts, and suicidal ideation experiences among Brazilian adolescents. A rapid synthesis of qualitative evidence was performed. The search was performed in MEDLINE databases (by PubMed), EMBASE (by Elsevier), LILACS (by VHL), PsycINFO, and Google Scholar. The main descriptors used were "suicidal ideation", "adolescent" and "Brazil". Studies that addressed suicidal ideation in Brazilian adolescents, irrespective of language or publication date were included. To measure research quality, the Critical Appraisal Skills Programme (CASP) checklist instrument was used. Two independent researchers selected articles and divergences were resolved by consensus. Of 3.496 identified articles, four studies were included after initial screening and full reading. The main motivations for suicidal ideation were fragile bonds, depression, and lack of affection. The predominant feelings were loneliness, sadness, helplessness, and hopelessness. Thoughts related to the belief that one is alone in the world and to not seeing a solution to one's sufferings and conflicts have been reported as related. Suicidal ideation may be an important phenomenon among Brazilian adolescents, requiring society's attention, especially by academics and the government, to expand the base of qualitative evidence and discussion of preventative public policy for suicide.

Poster 2- Policy Makers and Decision Making Process regarding SDGs, Presenter: Debora de Mello e Souza (Brasil)

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Abstract: Introduction and Theoretical Background: This study analyses Decision Making Process of Policy Makers in organizational settings regarding their approaches and designing process of SDG's strategies. The qualitative method was inspired by the Role Theory and Transformative Social Innovation Theory. Methods, Results and Conclusions: A pilot sample of participants holding high-level positions either as Presidents or Directors in different industrial areas in Brazil were invited to the study. The selective criterion was their status as leaders in a position of implementing sustainability initiatives in their own businesses over the study period. The participating organizations have their head offices mainly located in Southeastern Brazil. The operation of all organizations is mostly scattered around many towns in Brazil and even abroad, which makes these professionals take responsibilities on the impact of their work in various sites and geographical areas. In the concerned sample, 50% participants hold both a national and an international action, whereas